



Олимпиада школьников
Звезда - таланты
на службе обороны
и безопасности

Шифр 11-11-01

Задание	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	Всего
Баллы	15	13	—	22	—			50

Задание 2 Даны

$$T_x = 0^\circ C$$

$$T_H = 100^\circ C$$

$$m_1 = 500 \text{ г}$$

$$r = 2,26 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Дж/кг}$$

$$\lambda = 3,35 \cdot 10^5 \text{ Дж/м}^2$$

$m_2 = ?$

$$273 \text{ K}$$

$$373 \text{ K}$$

$$0,5 \text{ кг}$$

Решение

$$\eta = \frac{|T_x - T_H|}{T_x} = \frac{T_H - T_x}{T_x}$$

$$\eta = \frac{Q_x - Q_H}{Q_x} \quad Q_x = \lambda m_2 \quad Q_H = r m_1$$

$$\eta = \frac{\lambda m_2 - r m_1}{\lambda m_2} \quad \lambda m_2 \cdot \eta = \lambda m_2 - r m_1$$

$$m_2 = \frac{r m_1}{\lambda(1-\eta)} = \frac{r m_1}{\lambda(1 - \frac{T_H - T_x}{T_x})} = \frac{r m_1 \cdot T_x}{\lambda \cdot T_x}$$

$$m_2 = 4,6 \text{ (кг)}$$

Задание 3

$$R_1 = 5 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ м}$$

$$m = 15 \cdot 10^{-6} \text{ кг}$$

$$\varphi = 10^4 \text{ В}$$

$$R_2 = 12 \cdot 10^{-2} \text{ м}$$

$v = ?$

$$\Delta W = \Delta E_k \quad W_1 - W_2 = \frac{m v^2}{2}$$

$$W_1 = \varphi \cdot \frac{R_1 \cdot \varphi}{k} = \frac{\varphi^2 \cdot R_1}{k}$$

$$W_2 = \frac{R_1 \cdot \varphi}{R_2} \cdot \frac{R_1 \cdot \varphi}{k} = \frac{\varphi^2 \cdot R_1^2}{k R_2}$$

$$W_1 - W_2 = \frac{m v^2}{2} \quad \frac{\varphi^2 R_1}{k} \left(1 - \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right) = \frac{m v^2}{2} \quad \varphi' = \frac{k q}{R_2} \quad \varphi' = \frac{k R_1 \cdot \varphi}{R_2 \cdot k} = \frac{R_1 \cdot \varphi}{R_2}$$

$$\frac{\varphi^2 (R_2 - R_1) \cdot R_1}{k R_2} = \frac{m v^2}{2}$$

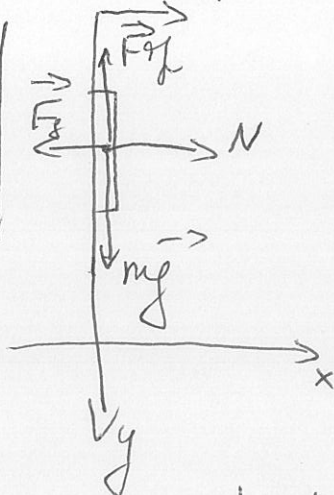
$$v^2 = \varphi^2 \cdot \frac{2 R_1 (R_2 - R_1)}{R_2 m k}$$

$$v = \varphi \sqrt{\frac{2 R_1 (R_2 - R_1)}{R_2 m k}} = 6,5 \text{ (м/с)}$$

Задание 4

$$m, S, \mu, v$$

$k = ?$



$$\sum \vec{F} = 0$$

$$\vec{N} + \vec{F}_f + \vec{F}_{Tf} + m\vec{g} = 0$$

$$x: N - F_f = 0$$

$$N = F_f \quad N = \rho \cdot S$$

$$y: F_{Tf} + m g = 0$$

$$F_{Tf} = m g + \mu N = m g$$

$$\mu = \frac{m g}{N} \quad \mu = \frac{m g}{\rho \cdot S}$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{3} n \cdot m_0 (u + v)^2 + 2$$

$$\rho = \frac{1}{3} \frac{N \cdot m}{v \cdot N} (u + v)^2 = \frac{1}{3} \rho (u + v)^2$$

$$\mu = \frac{3 m g}{\rho (u + v)^2 \cdot S}$$